

## Computer Science Long Term Curriculum Map for Pupils in Key Stage 1,2 or 3

The knowledge and skills described in the National Curriculum have been mapped out across year groups and then divided into the academic year. A pupil working through the plan below from Autumn 1 in year 1 to Summer 2 in year 9 would have covered all aspects of the National Curriculum in a sequential, logical way. The curriculum covers Education for A Connected World guidance which is a framework to equip children and young people for digital life. Teachers take this map and then use it to devise a sequence of learning activities over the half term. Teachers start by considering the starting points of each of the pupils in their class group. Given that we are teaching pupils with SEND or with an often-challenging educational history there will be pupils who are chronologically older but are still working at the level of a much younger pupil. Our teachers ensure that they plan lessons which will build on strong foundations then move forward through the map ensuring the learning is embedded in the memory of the individual pupils for example, some of our pupils may be chronologically year 7 but are working through the map at year 3. They may also be working at year 3 in one aspect but at year 5 in another

## Computer Science Long Term Curriculum Map

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
<del>ب</del> 1	computing Systems and Networks - Technology around us I can identify technology	Creating Media - Digital Painting	Programming A - Moving a robot I can explain what a given	Data and Information - Grouping Data Creating Media - Digital	Creating Media - Digital Writing	programming B - Programming Animations
1	I can identify technology I can identify a computer and its main parts I can use a mouse in different ways I can use a keyboard to type on a computer I can use the keyboard to edit text. I can create rules for using technology responsibly.	different freehand tools do I can use the shape tool and the line tools I can make careful choices when painting a digital picture I can explain why I chose the tools I used I can use a computer on my own to paint a picture I can compare painting a picture on a computer and on paper	command will do I can act out a given word I can combine forward and backward commands to make a sequence I can plan a simple program I can find more than one solution to a problem	I can identify the objects can be counted I can describe objects in different ways I can count objects with the same properties I can compare groups of objects I can answer questions about groups of objects	I can add and remove texts on a computer I can identify that the look of texts can be changed on a computer I can make careful choices whilst changing texts I can explain why I used the tools that I chose I can compare typing on a computer to writing on paper	given purpose I can show that a series of commands can be joined together I can identify the effect of changing a value I can explain that each sprite has its own instructions I can design the parts of a project I can use my algorithm to create a programme
2	Computer systems and networks – IT	Creating media – digital photography	Programming A – Robot algorithms	Data information – pictograms	Creating media – making music	Programming B – An introduction to quizzes

2	I can recognise the uses and features of information technology I can identify the uses of information technology in the school I can identify information technology beyond school I can explain how information technology helps us I can explain how to use information technology safely I can recognise that choices are made when using information	I can use a digital device to take a photograph I can make choices when taking a photograph I can describe what makes a good photograph I can decide how photographs can be improved I can use tools to change an image I can recognise that photos can be changed	I can describe a series of instructions as a sequence I can explain what happens when we change the order of instructions I can use logical reasoning to predict the outcome of a program (series of commands) I can explain that program projects can have code and artwork I can design an algorithm I can create and debug a program that I have written	I can recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally charts I can recognise that objects can be represented as pictures I can create a pictogram I can select objects by attribute and make comparisons I can recognise that people can be described by attributes I can explain that we can present information using a computer	I can say how music can make us feel I can identify that there are patterns in music I can show how music is made from a series of notes I can create music for a purpose I can explain how I can make my learning better	I can explain that a sequence of commands has a start I can explain that a sequence of commands has an outcome I can create a program using a given design I can change a given design I can create a program using my own design I can decide how my project can be improved
2	technology	Creating modia	Drogramming A	Data information	Creating modia	Drogramming P Events
3	Computer systems and networks – Connecting computers	Creating media – Stop frame animation	Programming A – Sequence in music	Data information – Branching databases	Creating media – desktop publishing	Programming B – Events and actions

3	I can explain how digital devices function I can identify input and output devices I can recognise how digital devices can change the way we work I can explain how a computer network can be used to share information I can explore how digital devices can be connected I can recognise the physical components of a computer	I can explain that animation is a sequence of drawings or photographs I can relate animated movement with a sequence of images I can plan an animation I can identify the need to work consistently and carefully I can review and improve an animation I can evaluate the impact of adding other media to an animation	I can explore a new programming environment I can identify that commands have an outcome I can explain that a program has a start I can recognise that a sequence of commands can have an order I can change the appearance of my project I can create a project from a task description	I can create questions with yes or no answers I can identify the object attributes needed to collect relevant data I can create a branching database I can explain why it is helpful for a database to be well structured I can identify objects using a branching database I can compare the information shown in a pictogram with a branching database	I can recognise how texts and images convey information I can recognise that text and layout can be edited I can choose appropriate page settings I can add content to a desktop publishing publication I can consider how different layouts can suit different purposes I can consider the benefits of desktop publishing	I can explain how a sprite moves in an existing project I can create a program to move a sprite in four directions I can adapt a program to a new context I can develop my program by adding features I can identify and fix bugs in a program I can design and create a maze- based challenge
4	Computer systems and networks – the internet	Creating media – photo editing	Programming A – repetition and shapes	Data information – data logging	Creating media – audio editing	Programming B – repetition in games

4	I can describe how networks and physically connect to other networks I can recognise how network devices make up the internet I can outline how websites can be shared via the worldwide web (www) I can describe how content can be added and accessed on the www I can recognise how the content of www is created by people I can evaluate the consequences of unreliable content	I can explain that digital images can be changed I can change the composition of an image I can describe how images can be changed for different uses I can make good choices when selecting different tools I can recognise that not all images are real I can evaluate how changes can improve an image	I can identify that accuracy in programming is important I can create a program in text-based language I can explain what repeat means I can modify a count- controlled loop to produce a given outcome I can decompose a task into small steps I can create a program that uses count- controlled loops to produce a given outcome	I can explain that data gathered over time can be used to answer questions I can use a digital device to collect data automatically I can explain that a datalogger collects datapoints from sensors over time I can use data collected over a long duration to find information I can identify the data needed to answer questions	I can identify that sound can be digitally recorded I can use a digital device to record sound I can explain that a digital recording is stored as a file I can explain that audio can be changed through editing I can show that different types of audio can be combined and played together I can evaluate editing choices made	I can develop the use of controlled loops in a different programming environment I can explain that in programming there are infinite loops and count-controlled loops I can develop a design that includes two or more loops which run at the same time I can modify an infinite loop in a given program I can design a project that includes repetition I can create a program that includes repetition
5	Computer systems and networks – Sharing information	Creating media – video editing	Programming A – selection in physical computing	Data information – flat file databases	Creating media – vector drawing	Programming B – Selection in quizzes

5	I can explain that computers can be connected together to form systems I can recognise the role of computer systems in our lives I can recognise how information is transferred over the internet I can explain how sharing information online lets people in different places work together I can contribute to a shared project online I can evaluate different ways of working together online	I can explain what makes a video effective I can identify digital devices that can record video I can capture video using a range of techniques I can create a storyboard I can identify that video can be improved through reshooting and editing I can consider the impact of the choices made when making and sharing a video	I can control a simple circuit connected to a computer I can write a program that includes count-controlled loops I can explain that a loop can stop when a condition is met I can explain that a loop can be used to repeatedly check whether a condition has been met I can design a physical project that includes selection I can create a program that controls a physical computing project	I can use a form to record information I can compare paper and computer- based databases I can outline how grouping and then sorting data allows us to answer questions I can explain that tools can be used to select specific data I can explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually I can apply my knowledge of a database to ask and answer real-word questions	I can identify that drawing tools can be used to produce different outcomes I can create a vector drawing by combining shapes I can use tools to achieve a desired effect I can recognise that vector drawings consist of layers I can group objects to make them easier to work with I can evaluate my vector drawing	I can explain how selection is used in computer programs I can relate that a conditional statement connects a condition to an outcome I can explain how selection directs the flow of a program I can design a program that uses selection I can create a program which uses selection I can evaluate my program
6	Computer systems and networks – Communication	Creating media – Web page creation	Programming A – Variables in games	Data information – Introduction to spreadsheets	Creating media – 3D modelling	Programming B – Sensing
6	I can identify how to use a search engine I can describe how search engines select results I can explain how search results are ranked I can recognise why the order of results is important and to whom I can recognise how we communicate using technology I can evaluate different methods from online communication	I can review an existing website and consider its structure I can plan the features of a webpage I can consider the ownership and use of images (copyright) I can recognise the need to preview pages I can outline the need for a navigation path I can recognise the implications of linking to content owned by other people	I can define a 'variable' as something that is changeable I can explain why a variable is used in a program I can choose how to improve a game by using variables I can design a project that builds on a given example I can use my design to create a project I can evaluate my project	I can identify questions which can be answered using data I can explain that objects can be described using data I can explain that formulas can be used to produce calculated data I can apply formulas to data, including duplicating I can create a spreadsheet to plan an event I can choose suitable ways to present data	I can use a computer to create and manipulate three- dimensional digital objects (3D) I can compare working digitally with 2D and 3D graphics I can construct a digital 3D model of a physical object I can identify that physical objects can be broken down into a collection of 3D shapes I can design a digital model by combing 3D objects I can develop and improve a 3D model	I can create a program to run on a controllable device I can explain that selection can control the flow of a program I can update a variable with a user input I can use a conditional statement to compare a variable to a value I can design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable device I can develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device

		Computer systems	Using media –	Impact of Technology	Modelling data -	Programming 1 -	Programming 2 - Scratch
7	7	and networks –	Gaining support for a	<ul> <li>Collaborating online</li> </ul>	Spreadsheets	Scratch	
		Semaphores to the	cause	respectfully			
		internet					

'	I can define what a	I can select the most	I can create a memorable	I can identify columns,	I can compare how humans	I can define a subroutine as a
	computer network is	appropriate software to	and secure password for	rows, cells and cell-	and computers understand	group of instructions that will
	and explain how data is	use to complete a task	an account on the school	references in spreadsheet	instructions	run when called by a main
	transmitted between	I can identify the key	network	software	I can define a sequence as	program or other subroutines
	computers across	features of a word	I can remember the rules	I can use formatting	instructions performed in	I can define decomposition as
	networks	processor and apply	of computer use	techniques in a spreadsheet	order with each executed in	breaking a problem down into
	I can define 'protocol'	these features to format	I can find personal	I can use basic formulas	turn	smaller, more manageable sub
	and provide examples of	a document	documents and common	with cell references to	I can predict the outcome of	problems
	non-networking	I can evaluate formatting	applications	perform calculations in a	a simple sequence	I can identify how subroutines
	protocols	techniques to	l can recognise a	spreadsheet (+ - * /)	I can modify a sequence	can be used for decomposition
	I can list examples of the	understand why we	respectful email	I can use the auto-fill tool	I can define a variable as a	I can identify where condition-
	hardware necessary for	format documents	I can construct an	to replicate cell data	name that refers to data	controlled iteration can be
	connecting devices to	I can select appropriate	effective email and send it	I can explain the difference	being stored by a computer	used in a program
	networks	images for a given	to the correct recipient	between data and	I can recognise that	I can implement condition-
	I can compare wired to	context	I can describe how to	information	computers follow the control	controlled iteration in a
	wireless connections	I can apply appropriate	communicate with peers	I can explain the	flow of input/process/output	program
	and list examples of	formatting techniques	online	differences between	I can predict the outcome of	I can evaluate which type of
	specific technologies	I can demonstrate an	l can plan effective	primary and secondary	a simple sequence that	iteration is required in a
	currently used to	understanding of	presentations for a given	sources of data	includes variables	program
	implement such	licensing issues involving	audience	I can collect and analyse	I can trace the variables	I can define a list as a collection
	connections	online content by	I can describe cyber	data	within a sequence	of related elements that are
	I can define bandwidth	applying appropriate	bullying	l can create appropriate	I can make a sequence that	referred to by a single name
	using the appropriate	creative commons	I can explain the effects of	charts in a spreadsheet	includes a variable	I can describe the need for lists
	units for measuring the	license	cyber bullying	I can use the functions	I can define a condition as an	I can identify when lists need
	rate at which data is	I can demonstrate the	I can check who I'm	SUM, COUNTA, MAX and	expression that will be	to be used in a program
	transmitted and discuss	ability to credit the	talking to online	MIN in a spreadsheet	evaluated as either true or	l can use a list
	with familiar examples	original source of an		I can use a spreadsheet to	false	I can apply appropriate
	where bandwidth is	image		sort and filter data	I can identify that selection	constructs to solve a problem
	important	I can critique digital		I can use the functions	uses conditions to control	
	I can define what the	content for credibility		AVERAGE, COUNTIF and IF	the flow of a sequence	
	internet is	I can apply techniques in		in a spreadsheet	I can identify where selection	
	I can explain how data	order to identify		I can use conditional	statements can be used in a	
	travels between	whether, or not, the		formatting	program	
	computers across the	source is credible		I can apply all the skills	I can modify a program to	
	internet	I can apply referencing		from this unit into my	include selection	
	I can describe keywords	techniques and		learning	I can create conditions that	
	such as; protocols,	understand the concept			use comparison operators (<	
	packets and addressing	of plagiarism			>=)	
	I can explain the	l can evaluate online			I can create conditions that	
	difference between the	sources for use in own			use logic operators (and / or	
	internet, its services and	work			/ not)	
		WOIN				
	the www					

	I can describe how services are provided over the internet and list some of these in the way that they are used I can explain the term connectivity as the capacity for connected devices (internet of things) to collect and share information about me or without my knowledge (including microphones, cameras and geolocation) I can describe how internet devices can affect me I can describe components (servers, browsers, pages HTTP	I can construct a blog using appropriate software I can organise the content of the blog based credible sources I can apply referencing techniques that credit authors appropriately I can design the layout of the content to make it suitable for the audience			I can identify where selection statements can be used in a program that include comparison and logical operators I can define iteration as a group of instructions that are repeatedly executed I can describe the need for iteration I can identify where count controlled iteration can b used in a program I can implement count- controlled iteration in a program I can detect and correct errors in a program (debugging) I can independently design and apply programming	
	I can describe how internet devices can affect me I can describe components (servers, browsers, pages, HTTP				I can detect and correct errors in a program (debugging)	
	and HTTPS protocols, etc.) and how they work together.				problem (SUBROUTINE selection, count-controlled iteration, operators and variables)	
8	Developing for the web	Representations from clay to silicone	Mobile app development	Media – Design vector graphics	Computer systems	Introduction to python programming

I						
	I can describe what	I can list examples of	I can Identify when a	I can draw basic shapes	I can recall that a general-	I can describe what algorithms
	HTML is	representation	problem needs to be	with different properties	purpose computer system is	and programs are and how
	I can use HTML to	I can recall that	broken down	(fill and stroke, shape	a device for executing	they differ
	structure static web	representations are used	I can implement and	specific attributes)	programs	Recall that a program written
	pages	to store, communicate	customise GUI elements	l can manipulate individual	I can recall that a program is	in a programming language
	I can modify HTML tags	and process information	to meet the needs of the	objects (select, move,	a sequence of instructions	needs to be translated to be
	using inline styling to	I can provide examples	user TRUE	resize, rotate, duplicate,	that specify operations that	executed by a machine
	improve the appearance	of how different	I can recognise that	flip, z-order)	are to be performed on data	I can write simple Python
	of web pages	representations are	events can control the	I can manipulate groups of	I can explain the difference	programs that display
	I can display images	appropriate for different	flow of a program	objects (select	between a general purpose,	messages, assign values to
	within a web page	tasks	I can use a user input in	group/ungroup, align and	a computing system and a	variables, and receive
	I can apply HTML tags to	I can recall that	an event-driven	distribute)	purpose-built device	keyboard input
	construct a web page	characters can be	programming	I can combine paths by	I can describe the function of	I can locate and correct
	structure from a	represented as	environment	applying operations (union,	the hardware components	common syntax errors
	provided design	sequences of symbols	I can use variables in an	difference, intersection)	used in computing systems	I can describe the semantics of
	I can describe what CSS	and list examples of	event-driven	I can convert objects to	I can describe how the	assignment statements
	is	character coding	programming	paths	hardware component used	I can use simple arithmetic
	I can address the	schemes	environment	I can draw paths	in computing systems work	expressions in assignment
	benefits of using CSS to	I can provide examples	I can develop a partially	I can edit path nodes	together in order to execute	statements to calculate values
	style pages instead of	of how symbols are	complete application to	I can combine multiple	programs	I can receive input from the
	inline formatting	carried on physical	include additional	tools and techniques to	I can recall that all	keyboard and convert it to a
	I can describe what a	media	functionality	create a vector graphic	computing systems work	numerical value
	search engine is	I can explain what binary	I can identify and fix	design	together to execute	I can use relational operators
	I can describe how	digits (BITS) are in terms	common coding errors	I can explain what vector	programs	to form logical expressions
	search engines 'crawl'	of familiar symbols, such	I can pass the value of a	graphics are	I can define what an	I can use binary selection (if,
	through the World Wide	as digits and letters	variable into an object	I can provide examples	operating system is and	else statements) to control the
	Web and how they	I can measure the size of	l can establish user needs	where using vector graphics	recall its role in controlling	flow of program execution
	select and rank results	length of a sequence of	when completing a	would be appropriate	program execution	I can generate and use random
	I can analyse how search	bits as the number of	creative project	I can peer assess another	I can describe NOT AND and	integers Use multi-branch
	engines select and rank	binary digits that it	I can apply decomposition	peer's project work	OR logical operators and	selection (if, Elif, else
	results when searches	contains	to break down a large	l can improve my own	how they are used to form	statements) to control the flow
	are made	I can describe how	problem into more	project work based on	logical expressions	of program execution
	l can use search	natural numbers are	manageable steps	feedback	I can use logic gates to	I can describe how iteration
	technologies effectively	represented as	I can use user input in a	I can complete a summative	construct logic circuits and	(while statements) controls the
	I can discuss the impact	sequences of binary	block-based programming	assessment	associate these with logical	flow of program execution
	of search technologies	digits	language		operators and expressions	I can use iteration (while
	and the issues that arise	I can convert a decimal	I can use a block-based		I can describe how hardware	loops) to control the flow of
	by the way they function	number to binary and	programming language to		is built out of increasingly	program execution
	and the way they are	vice versa	create a sequence		complex logic circuits	I can use variables as counters
	used	I can convert between	I can use variables in a		I can recall that since	in iterative programs
	I can create hyperlinks	units and multiples of	block-based programming		hardware is built out of logic	
	to allow users to	representation size	language		circuits, data and instructions	

	navigate between multiple web pages I can implement navigation to complete a functioning website I can complete summative assessment	I can provide examples of the different ways that binary digits are physically represented in digital devices I can apply all the sills covered in this unit	I can reflect and react to user feedback I can use a block-based programming language to include sequencing and selection I can evaluate the success of the programming project		alike need to be represented using binary digits I can provide broad definitions of artificial intelligence and machine learning I can describe the steps involved in training machines to perform tasks (gathering data, training and testing) I can describe how machine learning differs from traditional programming I can associate the use of AI with moral dilemmas I can explain the implications of sharing program code I can	I can combine iteration and selection to control the flow of program execution I can use Boolean variables as flags
9	Data Science	Media Animations	Representations- going audiovisual	Physical computing	Cybersecurity	Python Programming with sequences of Data

I can define data scienc	e I can add, delete, and	I can describe how digital	I can describe what the	I can explain the difference	I can write programs that
I can explain how	move objects	images are composed of	micro:bit is	between data and	display messages, receive
visualising data can hel	I can scale and rotate	individual elements	I can list the micro:bit's	information	keyboard input and use simple
identify patterns and	objects	I can recall that the colour	input and output devices	I can critique online services	arithmetic expressions in
trends to help us gain	I can use a material to	of each picture element is	I can use a development	in relation to data privacy	assignment statements
insights	add colour to objects	represented using a	environment to write,	I can identify what happens	I can locate and correct
I can use an appropriat	e I can add, move, and	sequence of binary digits	execute, and debug a	to data entered online	common syntax errors
software tool to	delete keyframes to	I can define key terms	Python program for the	I can explain the need for the	I can create lists and access
visualise data sets and	make basic animations	such as; pixels, resolution	micro:bit	data protection act	individual items
look for patterns or	I can play, pause, and	and colour depth	I can write programs that	I can recognise how human	I can use selection (**if-elif-
trends	move through the	I can describe how an	use the micro:bit's built-in	errors pose security risks to	else* statements) to control
I can recognise	animation using the	image can be represented	input and output devices	data	the flow of program execution
examples of where larg	e timeline	as a sequence of bits	I can write programs that	I can implement strategies to	I can perform common
data sets are used in	I can create useful	I can describe how colour	use GPIO pins to generate	minimise the risk of data	operations on lists or Indvidual
daily life	names for objects	can be represented as a	output and receive input	being compromised through	items
I can select criteria and	I can join multiple	mixture of green, red and	I can write programs that	human error	I can use iteration (whilst
use data set to	objects together using	blue with a sequence of	communicate with other	I can define hacking in the	statements) to control the flow
investigate predictions	parenting	bits representing each	devices by sending and	context of cyber security	of program execution
I can evaluate findings	o I can use edit mode and	colours intensity	receiving messages	I can explain how a DDOS	I can use iteration (for loops) to
support arguments for	extrude	I can compute the	wirelessly	attack can impact users of	iterate over lists and strings
or against a prediction	I can use loop cut and	representation size of a	I can design a physical	online services	I can use variables to keep
I can define the terms	face editing	digital image by	computing artefact	I can identify strategies to	track of counts and sums
'correlation' and	I can apply different	multiplying resolution	purposefully keeping in	reduce the chance of a bruit	l can combine key
'outliers' in relation to	colours to different parts	(number of pixels) with	mind; the problem at hand,	force attack being successful	programming language
data trends	of the same model	colour, depth (number of	the needs of the audience	I can explain the need for the	features to develop solutions
I can identify the steps	I can use proportional	bits used to represent the	involve and the available	computer misuse act	to meaningful problems
of the investigative cyc		colour of individual pixels)	resources	I can list the common	I can apply all of the skills
I can solve a problem b	I can use the knife tool	I can describe the trade-	I can decompose the	malware threats	covered in this unit
implementing steps of	Use subdivision	off between	functionality of a physical	I can examine how different	
the investigative cycle	I can add and edit set	representation, size and	computing system into	types of malware causes	
on a data set	lighting	perceived quality of	simpler features	problems for computer	
I can use findings to	I can set up the camera	digital images	I can implement a physical	systems	
support a	I can compare different	I can perform basic	computing project while	I can question how malicious	
recommendation	render modes	images editing tasks using	following, revising and	bots can have an impact on	
I can identify the steps	I can create a 3–10	appropriate software and	refining the project plan	societal issues	
of the investigative cyc	e second animation	combine them in order to		I can compare security	
Ican identify the data	I can render out the	solve more complex		threats against probability	
needed to answer a	animation	problems requiring image		and the potential impact on	
question defined by the	2	manipulation		organisations	
learner		I can explain how the		I can explain how networks	
I can create a data		manipulation of digital		can be protected from	
capture form		images amounts to		common security threats	

I can describe the need	arithmetic operations on	I can identify the most	
for data cleansing	their digital	effective methods to prevent	
		·	
I can apply data	representation	cyber attacks	
cleansing techniques to	I can describe and assess		
a data set	the creative benefits and		
l can visualise a data set	ethical drawbacks of		
I can analyse	digital manipulation		
visualisations to identify	(education for a		
patterns, trends, and	connected world)		
outliers	I can recall that sound is a		
I can draw conclusions	wave		
and report finding	I can explain the function		
	of microphones and		
	speakers as components		
	that capture and generate		
	sound		
	I can define key terms		
	such as; sample, sampling,		
	frequency/rate, sample		
	size		
	I can describe how sounds		
	are represented as a		
	sequence of bits		
	I can calculate		
	representation size for a		
	given digital size given its		
	attributes		
	I can explain how		
	attributes such as		
	sampling frequency and		
	sample size affect		
	characteristics such as		
	representation, size and		
	perceived quality and the		
	trade-offs involved		
	I can perform basic sound		
	editing tasks using		
	appropriate software and		
	combine them in order to		
	solve more complex		
	problems requiring sound		
	manipulation		

I can recall that bitmap
images and postcode
sound are not the only
binary representations of
images and sounds
I can define compression
and describe why it is
necessary